

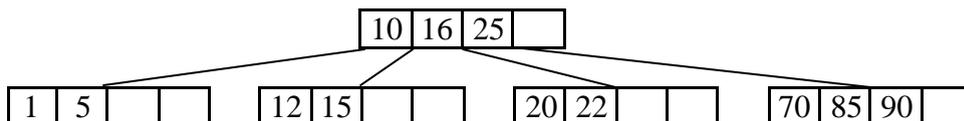
Quiz Sheet No. 1 for *Architecture and Implementation of Database Systems*
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Exercises for Chapter 1: File System

1. What must be the block size on a hard drive so that the net output (Nutzleistung) for accessing the hard drive reaches 50%? (Chose for yourself the technical parameters of the hard drive from a recent source.)
2. Determine the general formula for the net output in B/s of a hard drive dependent on the average access time α in ms and the transfer rate β in B/s.
3. UNIX files:
 - a) What is the maximum size of a UNIX file if the block size is 4 KB?
 - b) What is the maximally *addressable* size of a UNIX file using byte addressing
 - in 32 bit computers using 31 bits per address, and
 - in 64 bit computers using 63 bits?
 - c) What block size must be chosen for a UNIX file in order to achieve the maximum addressability for both addressing schemes?
4. How may a relation of size 60 GB be mapped on a UNIX file system? Suggest an appropriate tuple identifier.

Exercises for Chapter 2: B-Trees

1. How many values can be stored in a B-Tree of order n and depth m , maximally and minimally?
2. Let T be a B-Tree of order 2 and let $S = (90, 85, 25, 16, 20, 15, 70, 22, 12, 10, 5, 1)$ be a sequence of integers that are inserted in this order into T . Sketch the different stages of T in this process.
3. Let T be a B-Tree of this form:



- a) Sketch the different stages of the tree when deleting entries 85, 12 and 16 (in this order).
- b) How does T change if value 16 is now inserted again?